

FACULTY OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

BCA-302Computer Networks

Lecture-06

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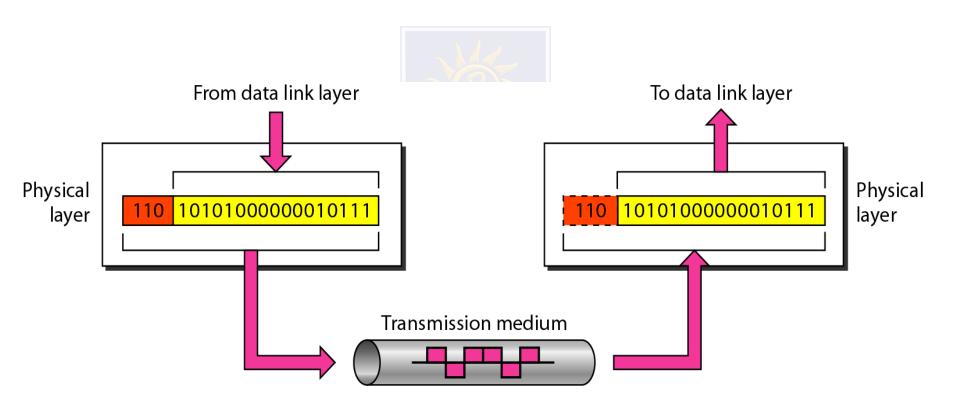
OUTLINE

- >LAYERS IN THE OSI MODEL
- >FUNCTIONS OF PHYSICAL LAYERS
- >FUNCTIONS OF DATA LINK LAYERS
- >FUNCTIONS OF NETWORK LAYERS

the functions of each layer in the OSI model.

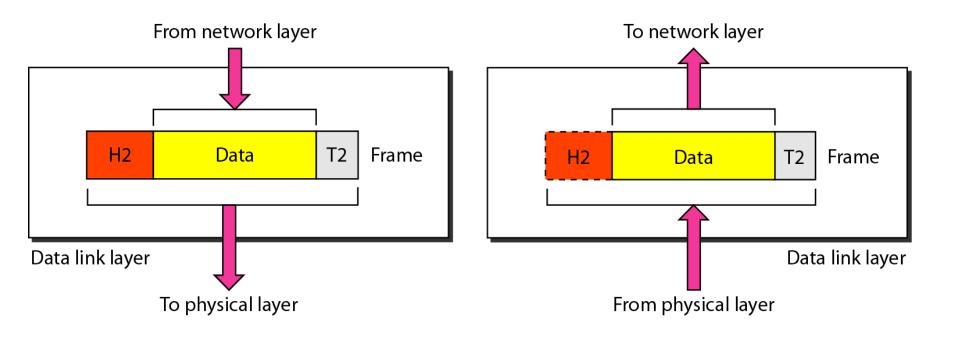
PHYSICAL LAYER

The physical layer is responsible for movements of individual bits from one hop (node) to the next.

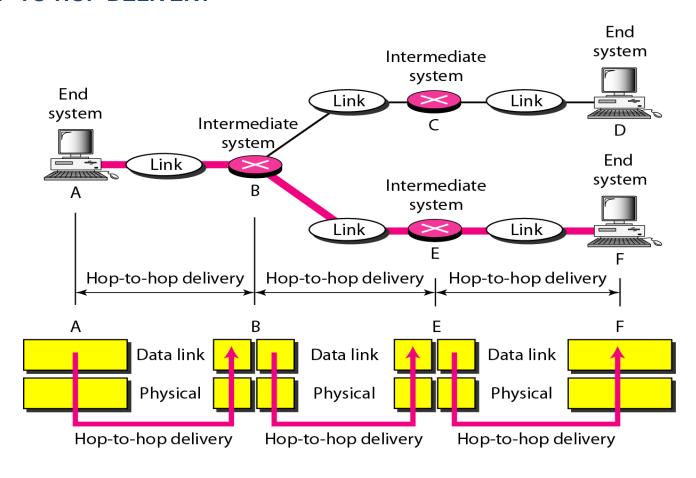


DATA LINK LAYER

The data link layer is responsible for moving frames from one hop (node) to the next.

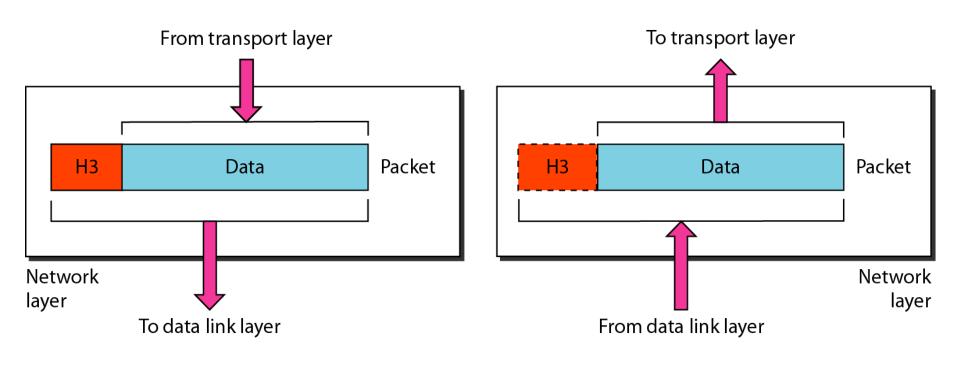


HOP-TO-HOP DELIVERY

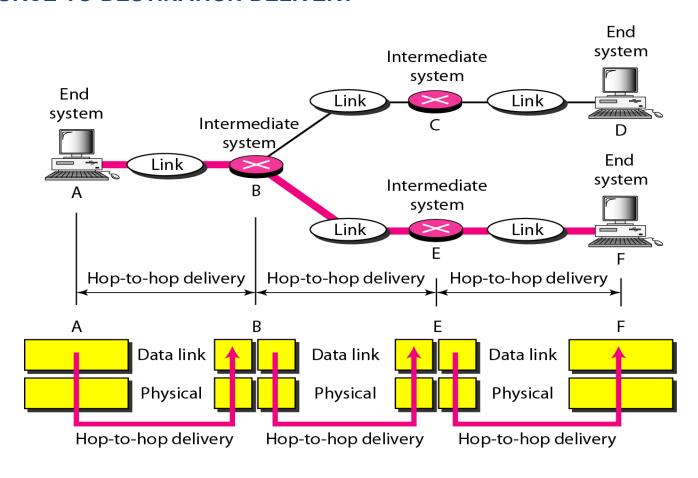


NETWORK LAYER

The network layer is responsible for the delivery of individual packets from the source host to the destination host.



SOURCE-TO-DESTINATION DELIVERY



Multiple Choice Question

MUTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS:

1. Which layer is responsible for process to process delivery in a general network model?			
a) network layer	b) transport layer	c) session layer	d) data link layer
2. Which layer provides the services to user?			
a) network layer	b) transport layer	c) application layer	d) data link layer
3. Transmission data rate is decided by			
a) network layer	b) transport layer	c) physical layer	d) data link layer
4. Which layer is used to link the network support layers and user support layers?			
a) network layer	b) transport layer	c) physical layer	d) data link layer
5. The OSI model defines layer 5,6,7as thelayers			
A)Physical support	B)network support	C)user support	D)none of above

REFERENCES

http://www.engppt.com/2009/12/networking-fourozan-ppt-slides.html

