

# **FACULTY OF EGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY**

# **MOBILE SECURITY**

LECTURE -33

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### **OUTLINE**

- •What is Mobile Device Management (MDM)?
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### What is Mobile Device Management (MDM)?

MDM or Mobile Device Management is a software application used for managing endpoints such as laptops, Smartphone's, tablets etc, in an enterprise. With more and more employees using one or all these devices, organizations across all shapes and sizes are now turning to mobile device management for enhanced data security and improved productivity.

Mobile device management (MDM), is the process of managing everything about a mobile device. MDM includes storing essential information about mobile devices, deciding which apps can be present on the devices, locating devices, and securing devices if lost or stolen. Many businesses use a third-party mobile device management software such as Mobile Device Manager Plus to manage mobile devices. Mobile Device Management has expanded its horizons to evolve into Enterprise

Mobility Management (EMM).



### Why Mobile Device Management (MDM) is important?

Mobile Device Management (MDM) is important for an enterprises focusing on improving productivity of their employees by allowing them to access corporate data on the go using corporate or personally-owned mobile devices.

### **Ease of deployment**

MDM solutions can be deployed on-premises or in private or public cloud environments, providing enterprises with the convenience of choosing a deployment method that caters to their business' specific needs.

### **Efficient Integrations**

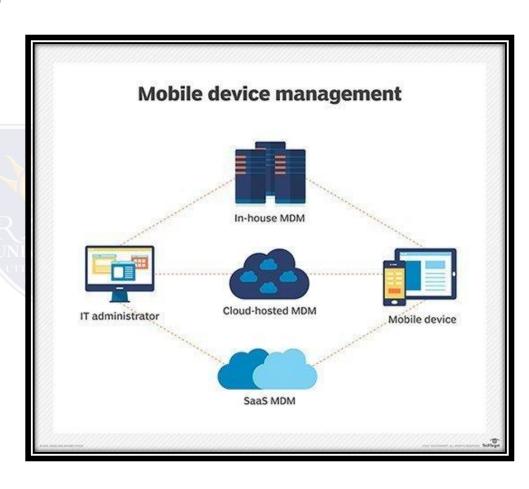
Many MDM solutions seamlessly integrate with help desk ticketing software, app development tools, and other business solutions.

#### Manage multiple device types

Simplified Mobile Device Management requires managing multiple OSs such as iOS, Android, Windows, macOS, tvOS, and Chrome OS, as well as multiple device types such as tablets, laptops, and smartphones.

### How mobile device management works?

Mobile Device Management (MDM) uses client-server architecture, with the devices acting as clients while MDM server remotely pushes configurations, apps, and policies managing the devices over-the-air (OTA). IT admins can remotely manage mobile endpoints such as laptops, tablets, and mobile phones via the MDM server. It leverages the notification services available to contact the managed devices



### **Advantages of using MDM solutions**

Organizations adopting mobility, prefer deploying MDM solutions since they simplify mobile device management and provide the following benefits:

### **□Time-saving automations**

Save time by automating repetitive tasks like configuring Wi-Fi settings on devices or asking users to install certain apps.

#### □Improved efficiency

Configure tailor-made policies for your organization to improve workflow efficiency.

#### □Increased productivity

Utilize a combination of policies like blacklisting non-enterprise apps during work hours to ensure employees are more productivity-focused.

#### **□** Achieve compliance

Meet complex compliance standards like the GDPR, HIPAA, ISO, PCI, and CJIS in just a few clicks.

#### □Enhanced security

Protect corporate data on mobile devices, and prevent it from being shared or saved on third-party services.

#### □ Remote management

Manage devices over-the-air (OTA) without requiring any intervention from the user and without affecting productivity.

# MCQ

6. In mid 1001, the 1st virue for Apple computers wi	th the 9.	gets installed & stays hidden in
6. In mid-1981, the 1st virus for Apple computers wi	urule 9.	·
name came into existence.		your computer's memory. It stays involved to the
a) Apple I		specific type of files which it infects.
b) Apple II		a) Boot Sector Virus
c) Apple III		b) Direct Action Virus
d) Apple Virus		c) Polymorphic Virus
		d) Multipartite Virus
7. The virus hides itself from getting detected by		
different ways.		Direct Action Virus is also known as
a) 2		a) Non-resident virus
b) 3		b) Boot Sector Virus
c) 4		c) Polymorphic Virus
d) 5		d) Multipartite Virus
8 infects the master boot record	d and it is	
challenging and a complex task to remove this v	rirus.	
a) Boot Sector Virus		
b) Polymorphic		
c) Multipartite		
d) Trojans		

## **REFERENCES**

- □https://www.softwaretestinghelp.com/mobile-app-security-testing-tools/

