

FACULTY OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

CSPS103: Object Oriented Programming

Lecture-18

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OBJECTIVES

In this lecture, you will learn to:

- **❖Inheritance**
- **❖Advantage of Inheritance**
- **❖Program**
- **❖Types Of Inheritance**



INHERITANCE

What is Inheritance

☐ Inheritance is the mechanism by which one class can inherit the properties of another.
☐ It allows a hierarchy of classes to be build, moving from the most general to the most specific.
☐ When one class is inherited by another, the class that is inherited is called the base class.
☐ The inheriting class is called the derived class.
☐ In general, the process of inheritance begins with the definition of a base class.
☐ The base class defines all qualities that will be common to any derived class.
☐ In essence, the base class represent the most general description of a set of traits.
☐ The derived class inherits those general traits and adds properties that are specific to that class.

Syntax

```
class derived-class-name : access base-class-name{
// ...
}
```

ADVANTAGE OF INHERITANCE

- ☐ You can reuse the members of your parent class.
- ☐ There is no need to define the member again.
- ☐ So less code is required in the class.



Program to illustrate concept of inheritance

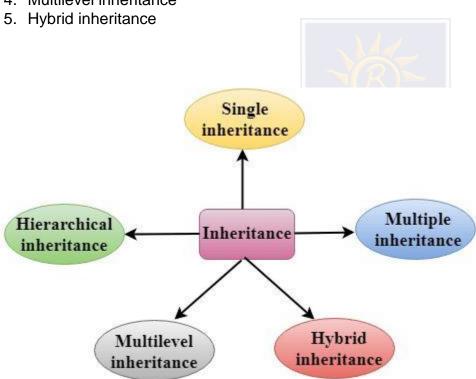
```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
class base //base class
int x,y;
public:
void show() {
cout<<"In base class";
class derived : public base //derived class
int a,b;
public:
void show2() {
cout<<"\nIn derived class";
int main() {
derived d;
d.show(); //uses base class's show() function
d.show2(); //uses derived class's show2() function
getch();
return 0;
```



TYPES OF INHERITANCE

C++ supports five types of inheritance:

- 1. Single inheritance
- 2. Multiple inheritance
- 3. Hierarchical inheritance
- 4. Multilevel inheritance



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Multiple Choice Question:

Q1. Which among the following best describes the Inheritance?

- a) Copying the code already written
- b) Using the code already written once
- c) Using already defined functions in programming language
- d) Using the data and functions into derived segment

Multiple Choice Question:

Q2. How many basic types of inheritance are provided as OOP feature?

- a) 4
- b) 3
- c) 2
- d) 1



Multiple Choice Question:

Q3. Which among the following best defines single level inheritance?

- a) A class inheriting a derived class
- b) A class inheriting a base class
- c) A class inheriting a nested class
- d) A class which gets inherited by 2 classes

Multiple Choice Question:

Q4. Which among the following is correct for multiple inheritance?

- a) class student{public: int marks;}s; class stream{int total;}; class topper:public student, public stream{ };
- b) class student{int marks;}; class stream{ }; class topper: public student{ };
- c) class student{int marks;}; class stream:public student{ };
- d) class student{ }; class stream{ }; class topper{ };

Multiple Choice Question:

Q5. Which programming language doesn't support multiple inheritance?

- a) C++ and Java
- b) C and C++
- c) Java and SmallTalk
- d) Java



Summary

In this lecture, you learned that:

- ➤ Inheritance is a process in which one object acquires all the properties and behaviors of its parent object automatically.
- > You can reuse, extend or modify the attributes and behaviors which are defined in other class.

