



FACULTY OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

CSPS103: Object Oriented Programming

Lecture-22

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# OBJECTIVES

In this lecture, you will learn to:

❖ Hybrid Inheritance

❖ Example Hybrid Inheritance

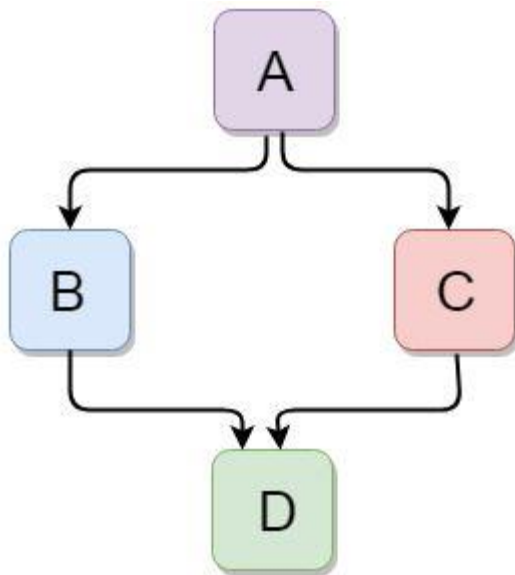
❖ Hierarchical Inheritance

❖ Example Hierarchical Inheritance



# HYBRID INHERITANCE

- ❑ The inheritance hierarchy that reflects any legal combination of other types of inheritance is known as hybrid Inheritance.
- ❑ Hybrid inheritance is a combination of more than one type of inheritance.



# EXAMPLE: HYBRID INHERITANCE

```
#include <iostream.h>
```

```
class A
```

```
{
```

```
    protected:
```

```
    int a;
```

```
    public:
```

```
    void get_a()
```

```
    {
```

```
        std::cout << "Enter the value of 'a' : " << std::endl;
```

```
        cin>>a;
```

```
    }
```

```
};
```

```
class B : public A
```

```
{
```

```
    protected:
```

```
    int b;
```

```
    public:
```

```
    void get_b()
```

```
    {
```

```
        std::cout << "Enter the value of 'b' : " << std::endl;
```

```
        cin>>b;
```

```
    }
```

```
};
```

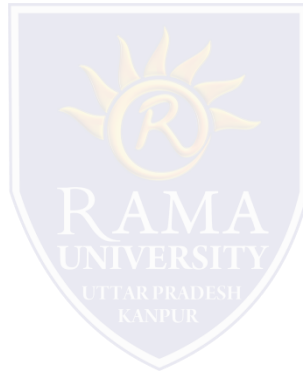


## EXAMPLE : HYBRID INHERITANCE (Contd.)

```
class C
{
    protected:
    int c;
    public:
    void get_c()
    {
        std::cout << "Enter the value of c is : " << std::endl;
        cin>>c;
    }
};

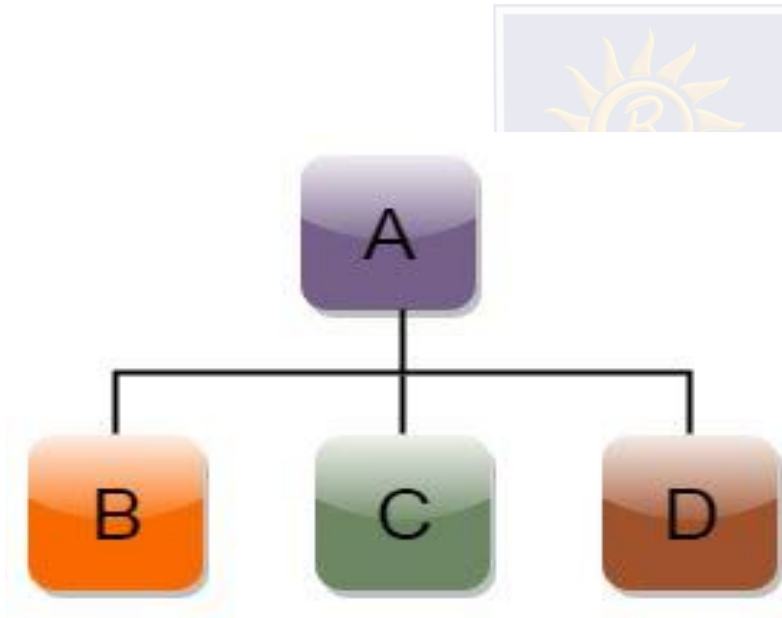
class D : public B, public C
{
    protected:
    int d;
    public:
    void mul()
    {
        get_a();
        get_b();
        get_c();
        std::cout << "Multiplication of a,b,c is : " <<a*b*c<< std::endl;
    }
};

int main()
{
    D d;
    d.mul();
    return 0;
}
```



# HIERARCHICAL INHERITANCE

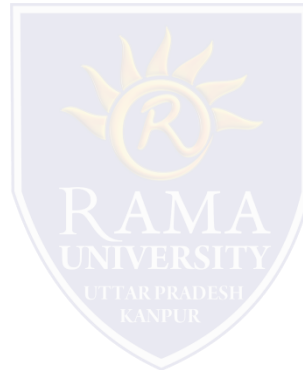
- ❑ The process in which traits of one class can be inherited by more than one class is known as Hierarchical inheritance.
- ❑ The base class will include all the features that are common to the derived classes.
- ❑ A derived class can serve as a base class for lower level classes and so on.



# HIERARCHICAL INHERITANCE (Contd.)

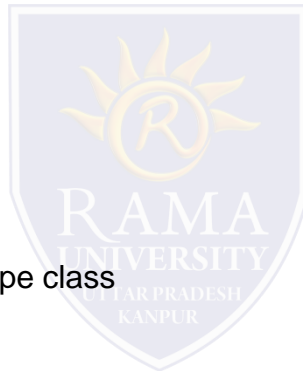
## Syntax of Hierarchical inheritance:

```
class A
{
    // body of the class A.
}
class B : public A
{
    // body of class B.
}
class C : public A
{
    // body of class C.
}
class D : public A
{
    // body of class D.
}
```



## EXAMPLE: HIERARCHICAL INHERITANCE

```
#include <iostream.h>
using namespace std;
class Shape          // Declaration of base class.
{
    public:
    int a;
    int b;
    void get_data(int n,int m)
    {
        a= n;
        b = m;
    }
};
class Rectangle : public Shape // inheriting Shape class
{
    public:
    int rect_area()
    {
        int result = a*b;
        return result;
    }
};
```





## EXAMPLE: HIERARCHICAL INHERITANCE (Contd.)

```
class Triangle : public Shape // inheriting Shape class
{
    public:
    int triangle_area()
    {
        float result = 0.5*a*b;
        return result;
    }
};

int main()
{
    Rectangle r;
    Triangle t;
    int length,breadth,base,height;
    std::cout << "Enter the length and breadth of a rectangle: " << std::endl;
    cin>>length>>breadth;
    r.get_data(length,breadth);
    int m = r.rect_area();
    std::cout << "Area of the rectangle is : " <<m<< std::endl;
    std::cout << "Enter the base and height of the triangle: " << std::endl;
    cin>>base>>height;
    t.get_data(base,height);
    float n = t.triangle_area();
    std::cout <<"Area of the triangle is : " << n<<std::endl;
    return 0;
}
```



# REFERENCES

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# MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTION

## Multiple Choice Question:

Q1. Which among the following is correct for the following code?

```
class A
{
    public : class B
    {
        public : B(int i): data(i)
        {
        }
        int data;
    }
};
class C: public A
{
    class D:public A::B{ };
};
```



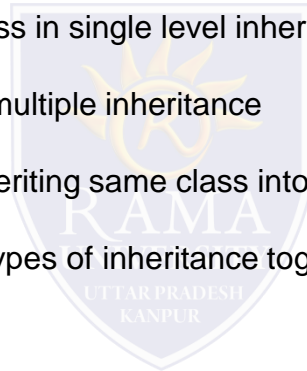
- a) Multi-level inheritance is used, with nested classes
- b) Multiple inheritance is used, with nested classes
- c) Single level inheritance is used, with enclosing classes
- d) Single level inheritance is used, with both enclosing and nested classes

# MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTION

## Multiple Choice Question:

**Q2. Which among the following is false?**

- a) If one class inherits the inherited class in single level inheritance, it is multi-level inheritance
- b) Hybrid inheritance always contains multiple inheritance
- c) Hierarchical inheritance involves inheriting same class into more than one classes
- d) Hybrid inheritance can involve any types of inheritance together



# MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTION

## Multiple Choice Question:

**Q3. If class A has two nested classes B and C. Class D has one nested class E, and have inherited class A.**

**If E inherits B and C, then \_\_\_\_\_**

- a) It shows multiple inheritance
- b) It shows hierarchical inheritance
- c) It shows multiple inheritance
- d) Multiple inheritance among nested classes, and single level for enclosing classes



# MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTION

## Multiple Choice Question:

**Q4. Which type of inheritance cannot involve private inheritance?**

- a) Single level
- b) Multiple
- c) Hybrid
- d) All types can have private inheritance



# MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTION

## Multiple Choice Question:

**Q5. How many classes can be inherited by a single class in multiple inheritance (C++)?**

- a) Only 2
- b) Only 27
- c) Only 1024
- d) Any number of classes can be inherited



# Summary

## In this lecture, you learned that:

- Hybrid inheritance is a combination of more than one type of inheritance.
- Hierarchical inheritance is defined as the process of deriving more than one class from a base class.

