

# FACULTY OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

# **CSPS-106 Computer Organization**

## Lecture-11

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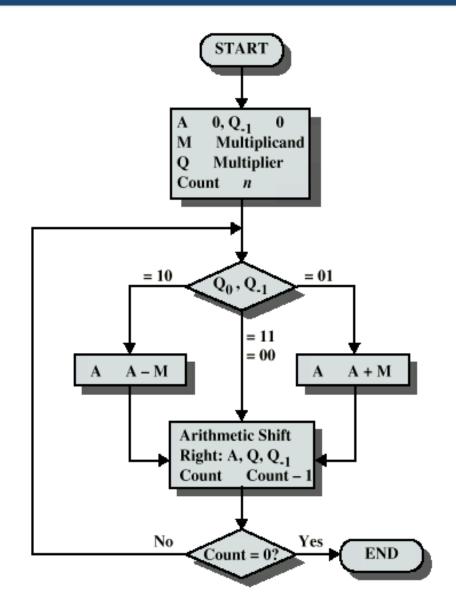
### **BOOTH'S ALGORITHM**

**EXAMPLE OF BOOTH'S ALGORITHM** 

> DIVISION

**FLOWCHART FOR UNSIGNED BINARY DIVISION** 

#### **BOOTH'S ALGORITHM**

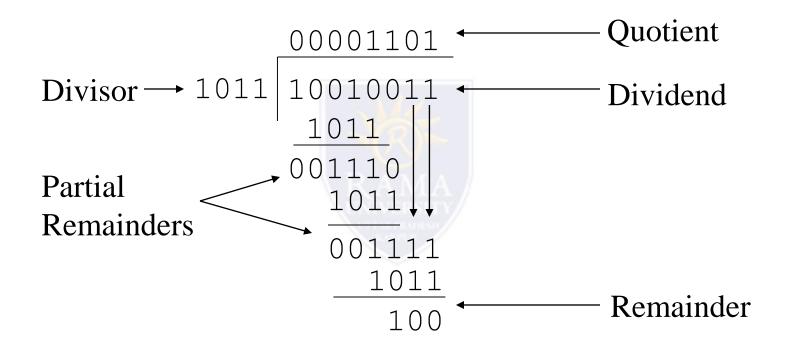


А	Q	$Q_{-1}$	М			
0000	0011	0	0111	Initial Values		
1001	0011	0	0111	A A - M } Shift	First	
1100	1001	1	0111	Shift 🥇	Cycle	
1110	0100	1	0111	Shift }	Second Cycle	
0101	0100	1	0111	A A + M	Third	
0010	1010	0	0111	A A + M } Shift	Cycle	
0001	0101	0	0111	Shift }	Fourth Cycle	

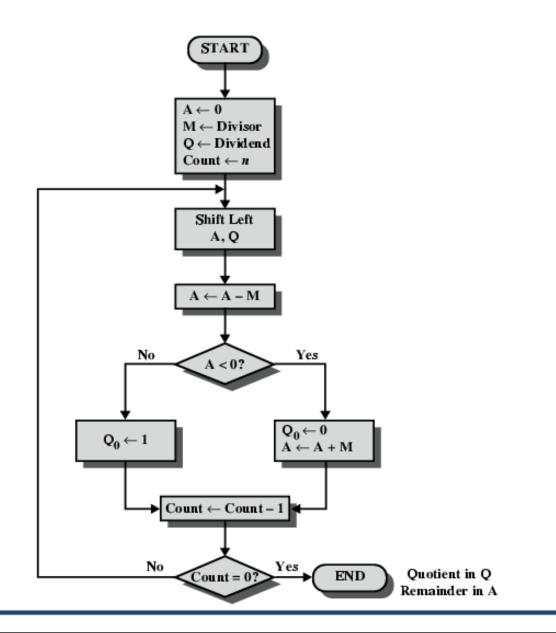
### DIVISION

- More complex than multiplication
- Negative numbers are really bad!
- Based on long division





#### FLOWCHART FOR UNSIGNED BINARY DIVISION



#### MUTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS:

Sr no	Question	Option A	Option B	OptionC	OptionD
1	error correction, the receiver asks the sender to send the dataagain.	backward	retransmission	forward	none of the above
2	We can divide coding schemes into two broadcategories: and coding.	block;linear	linear;nonlinear	block;convolution	none of the above
3	generator that contains afactor of can detect all odd- numberederrors. x	tre TR	x+1	1	x+n
4	The divisor in a cyclic code is normally called the	degree	generator	redundancy	none of the above
5	the Hamming di tance between a dataword andthe corresponding codeword is three,thereare bits in error.	3	4	5	8

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