



RAMA UNIVERSITY

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FACULTY OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

DCS-503 Computer Networks

Lecture-15

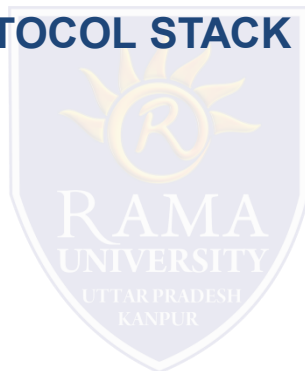
Mr. Dilip Kumar J Saini

Assistant Professor

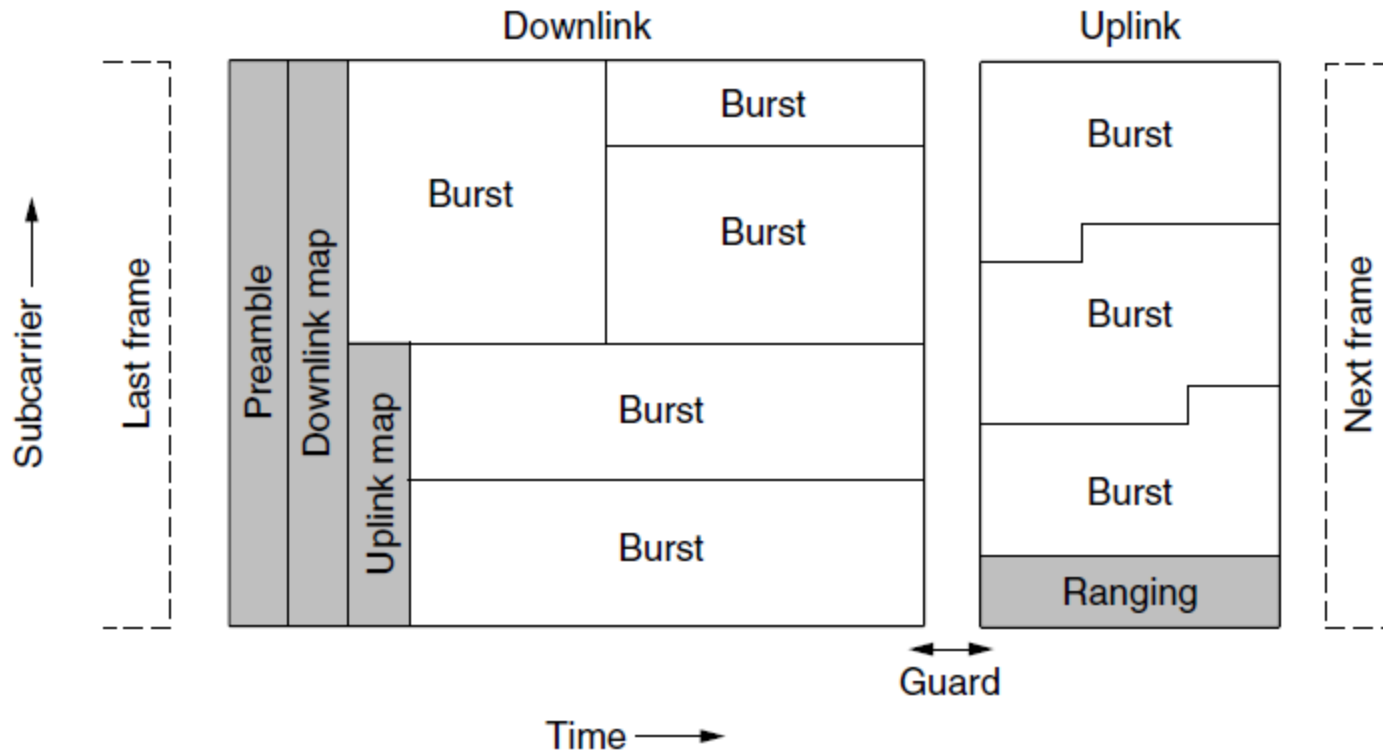
Computer Science & Engineering

OUTLINE

- **802.16 PHYSICAL LAYER**
- **802.16 MAC SUBLAYER PROTOCOL**
- **802.11 ARCHITECTURE AND PROTOCOL STACK**
- **BLUETOOTH ARCHITECTURE**
- **BLUETOOTH PROTOCOL STACK**
- **BLUETOOTH FRAME STRUCTURE**



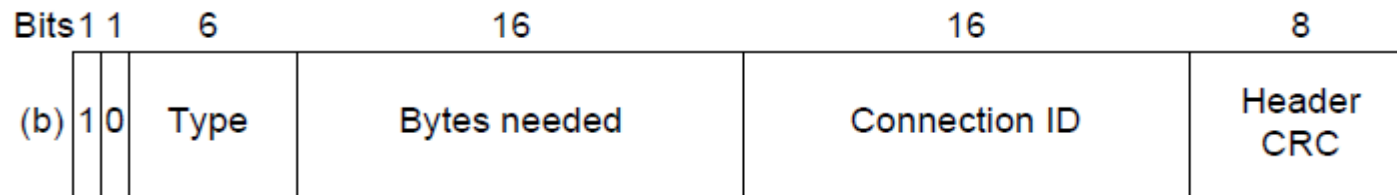
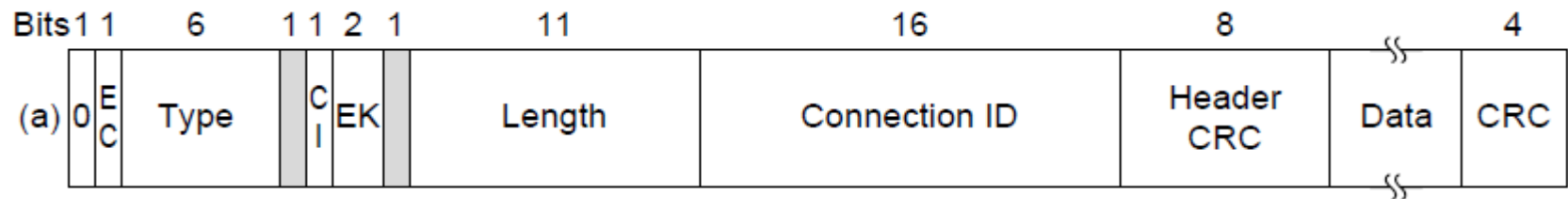
802.16 PHYSICAL LAYER



802.16 MAC SUBLAYER PROTOCOL

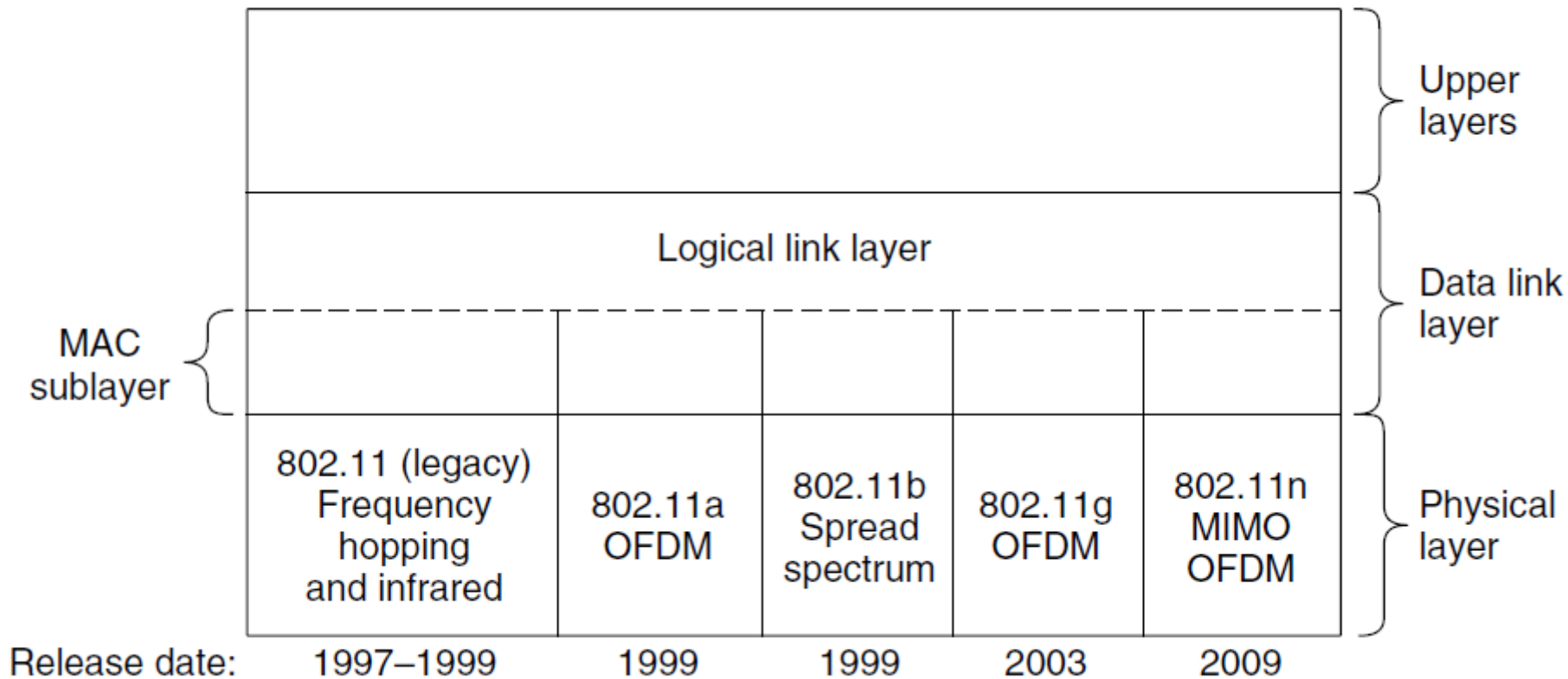
Classes of service

1. Constant bit rate service.
2. Real-time variable bit rate service.
3. Non-real-time variable bit rate service.
4. Best-effort service

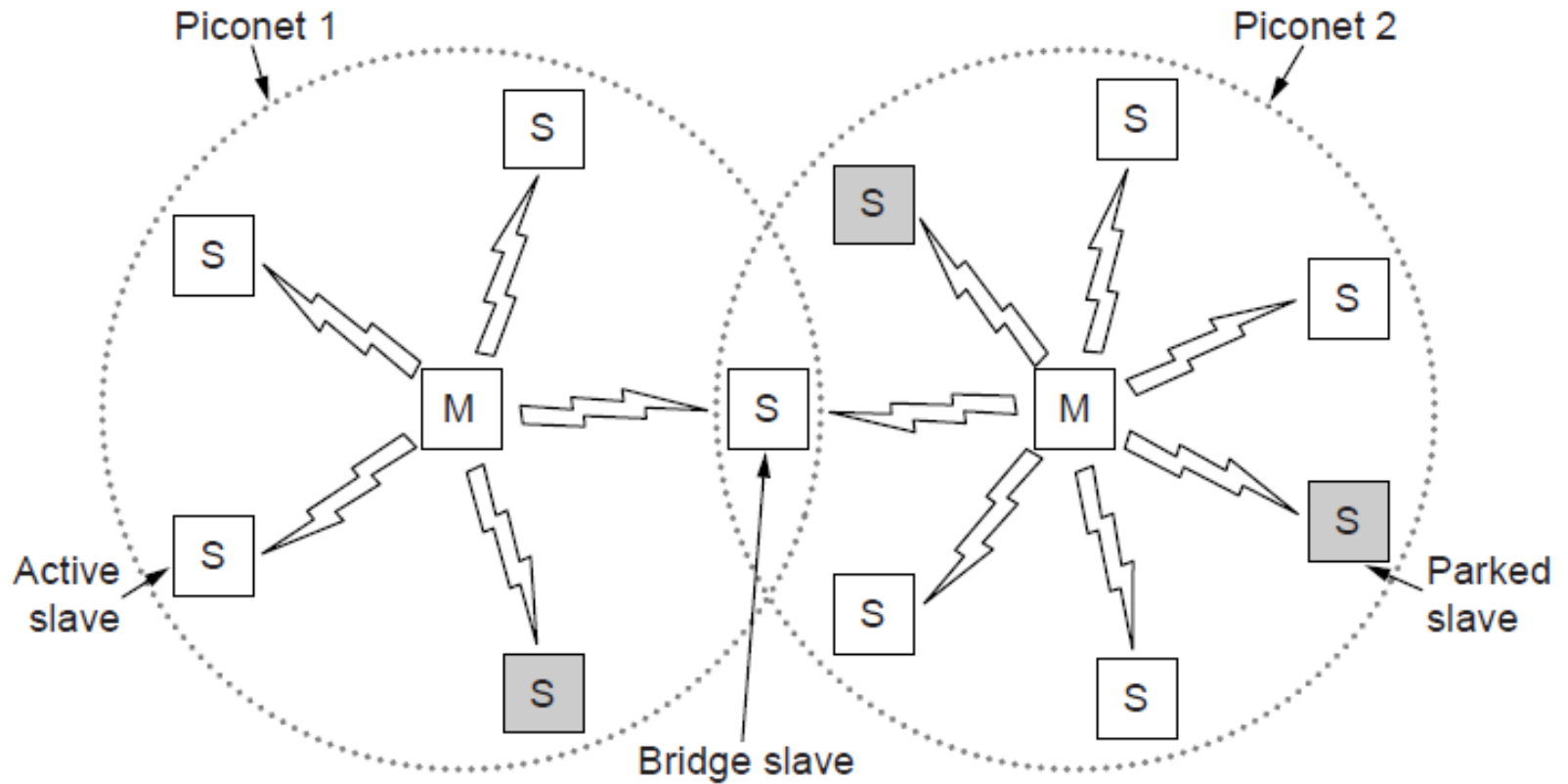


802.11 ARCHITECTURE AND PROTOCOL STACK

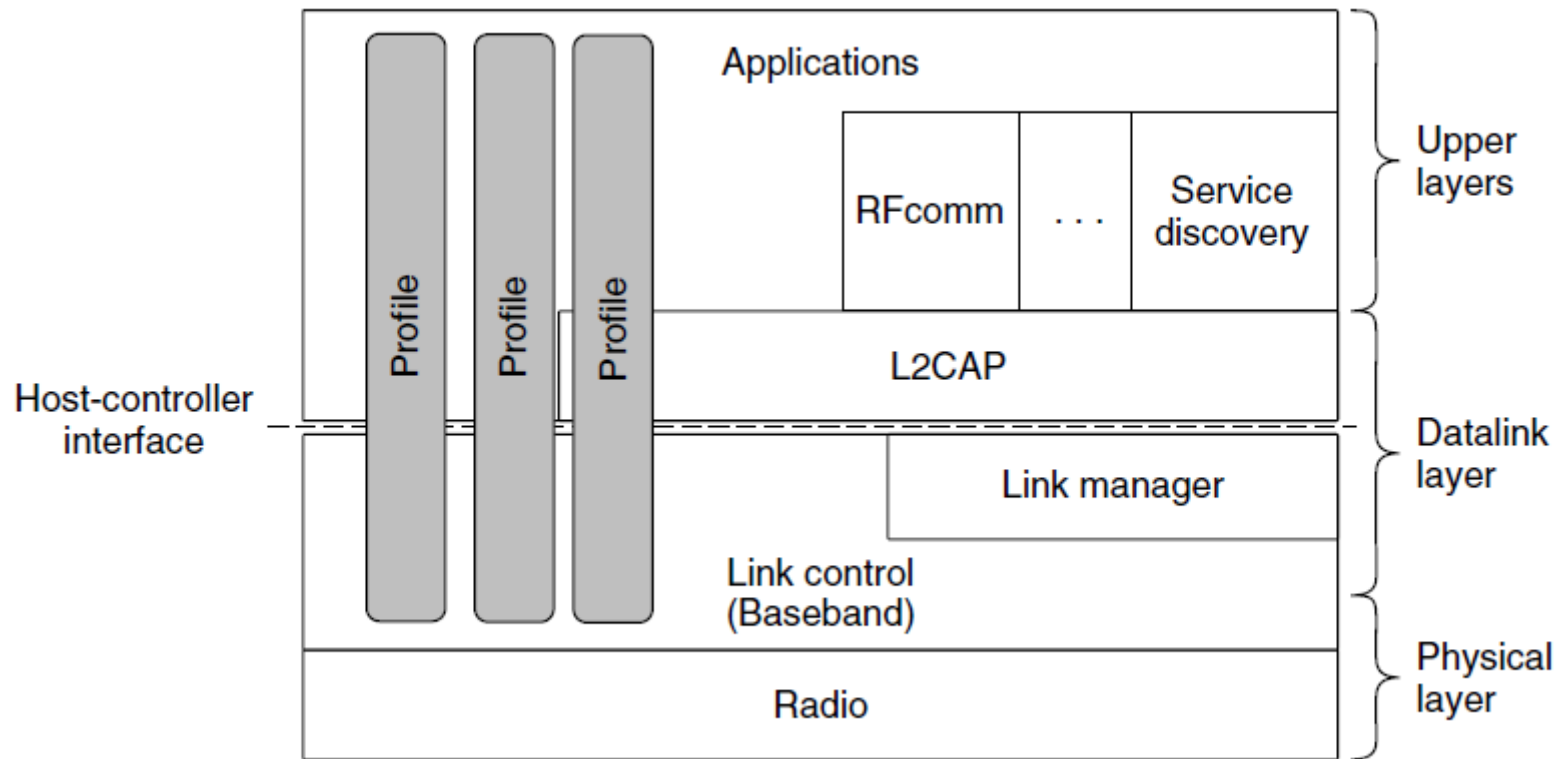
802.11 protocol stack



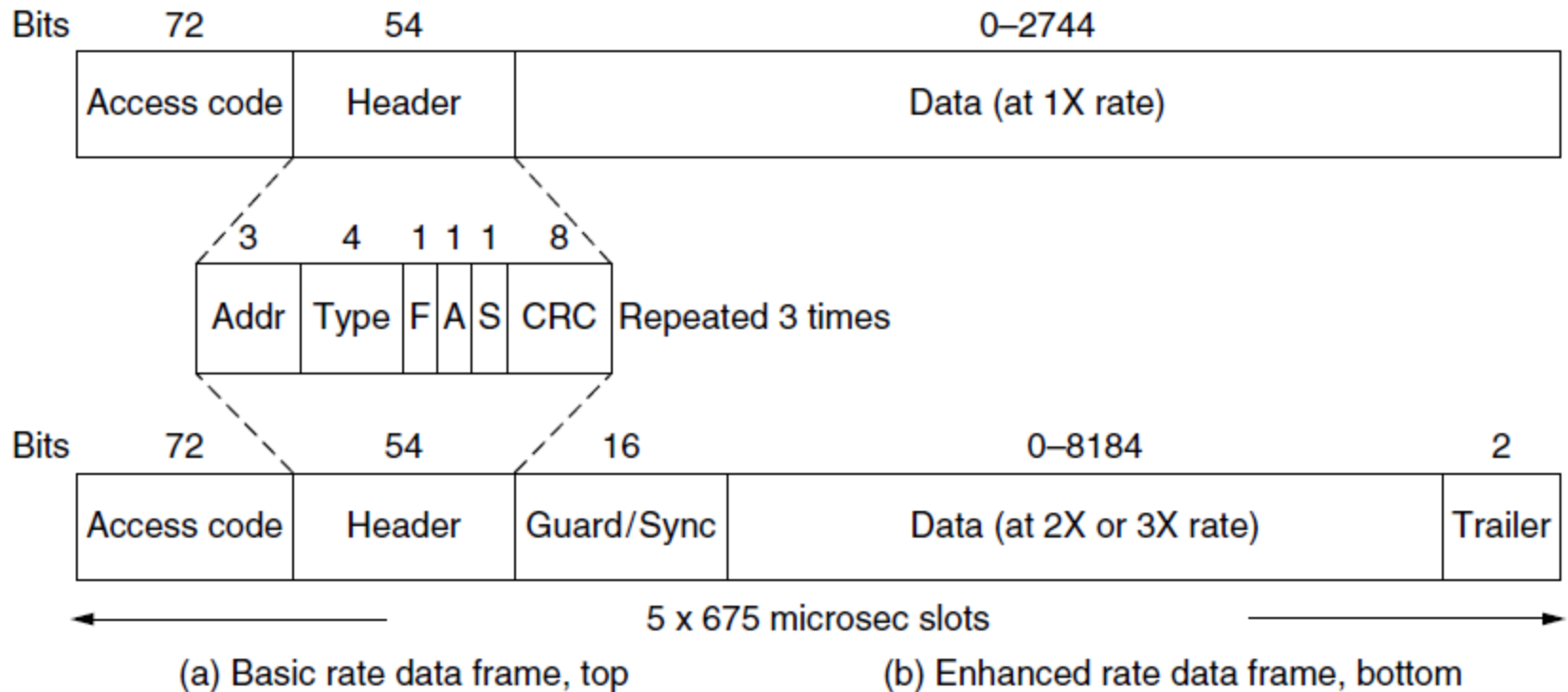
BLUETOOTH ARCHITECTURE



BLUETOOTH PROTOCOL STACK



BLUETOOTH FRAME STRUCTURE



Multiple Choice Question

MUTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS:

Sr no	Question	Option A	Option B	OptionC	OptionD
1	In classless addressing, there are no classes but addresses are still granted in _____	IPs	Blocks	Codes	Sizes
2	In IPv4 Addresses, classful addressing is replaced with _____	Classless Addressing	Classful Addressing	Classful Advertising	Classless Advertising
3	First address in a block is used as network address that represents the _____	Class Network	Entity	Organization	Codes
4	In classful addressing, a large part of available addresses are _____	Organized	Blocked	Wasted	Communicated
5	Network addresses are a very important concept of _____	Routing	Mask	IP Addressing	Classless Addressing

REFERENCES

- <http://www.engppt.com/2009/12/networking-fourzan-ppt-slides.html>

