



RAMA UNIVERSITY

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FACULTY OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

DCS-503 Computer Networks

Lecture-09

Mr. Dilip Kumar J Saini

Assistant Professor

Computer Science & Engineering

OUTLINE

➤ **COXIAL CABLE**

➤ **CATEGORIES OF COAXIAL CABLES**

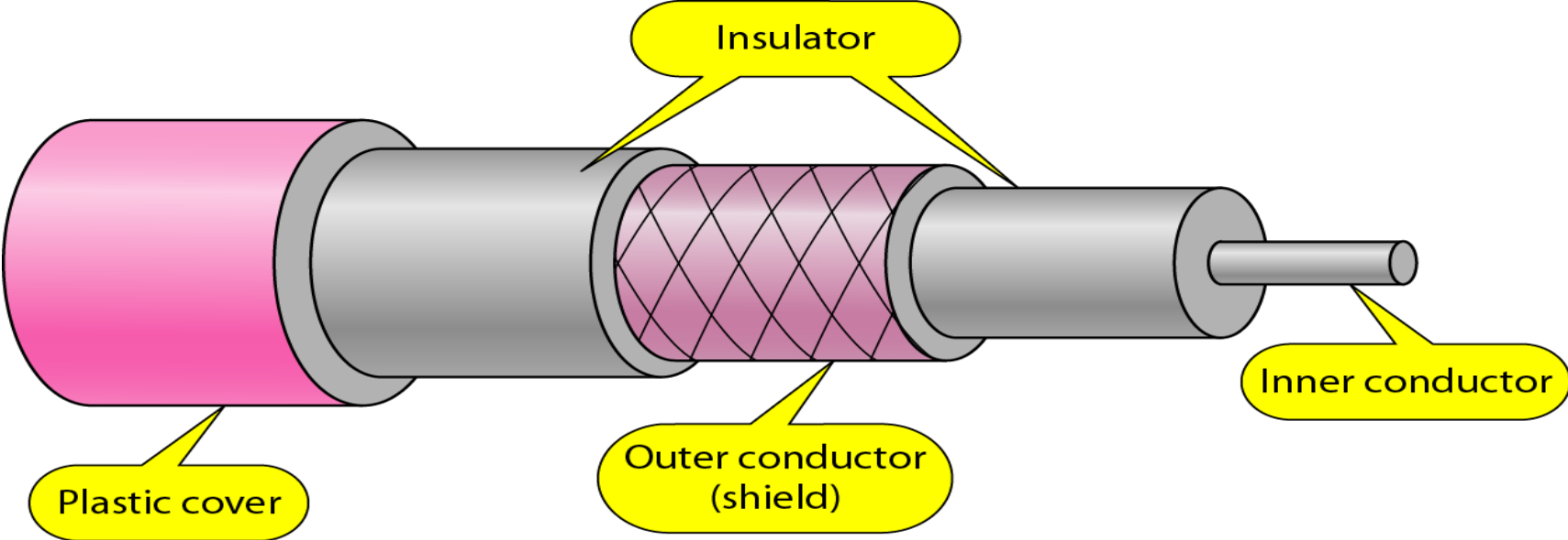
➤ **BNC CONNECTORS**

➤ **FIBER OPTICS: BENDING OF LIGHT RAY**

➤ **OPTICAL FIBER**



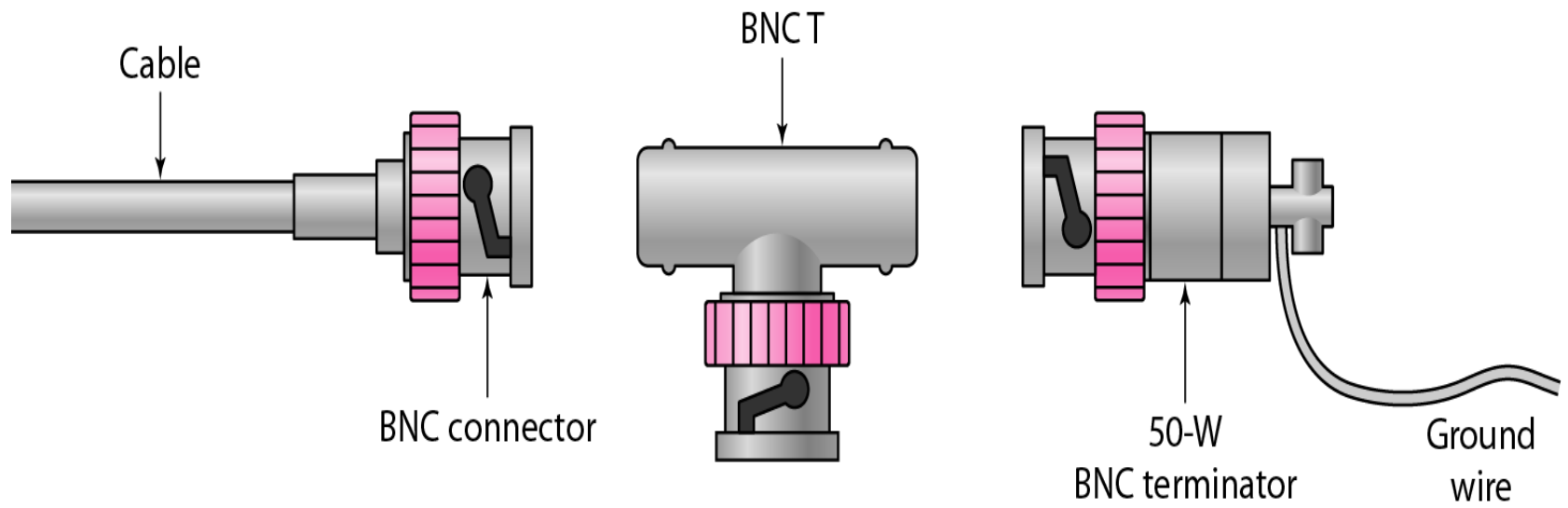
COAXIAL CABLE



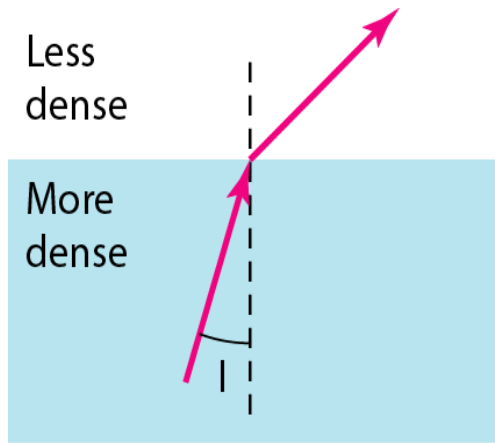
CATEGORIES OF COAXIAL CABLES

<i>Category</i>	<i>Impedance</i>	<i>Use</i>
RG-59	75 Ω	Cable TV
RG-58	50 Ω	Thin Ethernet
RG-11	50 Ω	Thick Ethernet

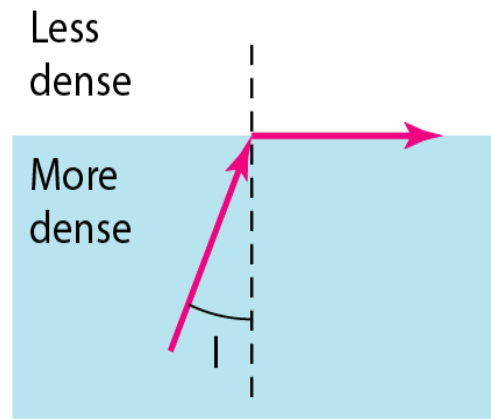
BNC CONNECTORS



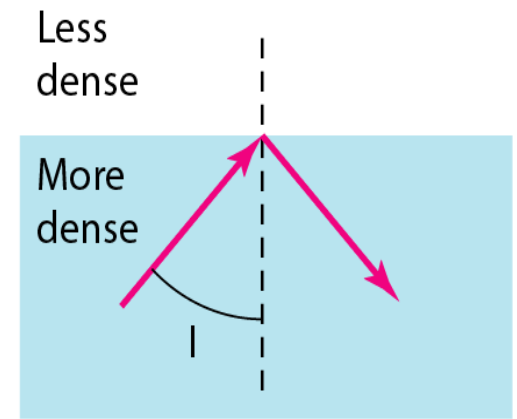
FIBER OPTICS: BENDING OF LIGHT RAY



$i < \text{critical angle,}$
refraction

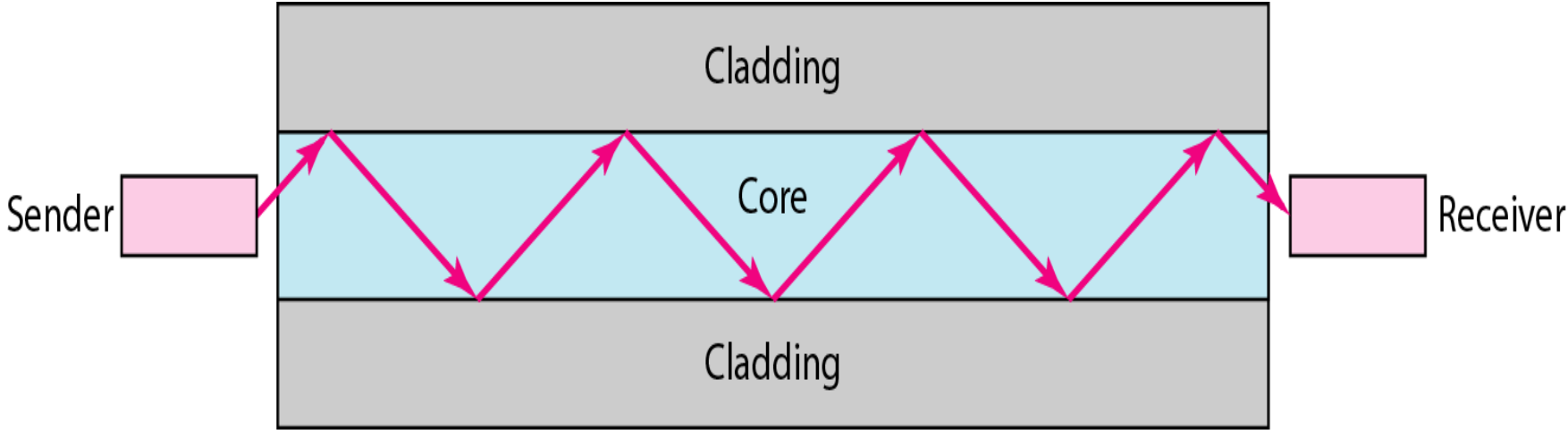


$i = \text{critical angle,}$
refraction



$i > \text{critical angle,}$
reflection

OPTICAL FIBER



Multiple Choice Question

MUTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS:

Sr no	Question	Option A	Option B	OptionC	OptionD
1	In classless addressing, there are no classes but addresses are still granted in _____	IPs	Blocks	Codes	Sizes
2	In IPv4 Addresses, classful addressing is replaced with _____	Classless Addressing	Classful Addressing	Classful Advertising	Classless Advertising
3	First address in a block is used as network address that represents the _____	Class Network	Entity	Organization	Codes
4	In classful addressing, a large part of available addresses are _____	Organized	Blocked	Wasted	Communicated
5	Network addresses are a very important concept of _____	Routing	Mask	IP Addressing	Classless Addressing

REFERENCES

- <http://www.engppt.com/2009/12/networking-fourzan-ppt-slides.html>

