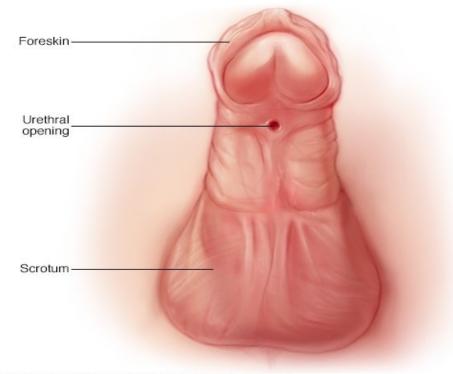


FACULITY OF NURSING

DEFECT OF GI TRACT



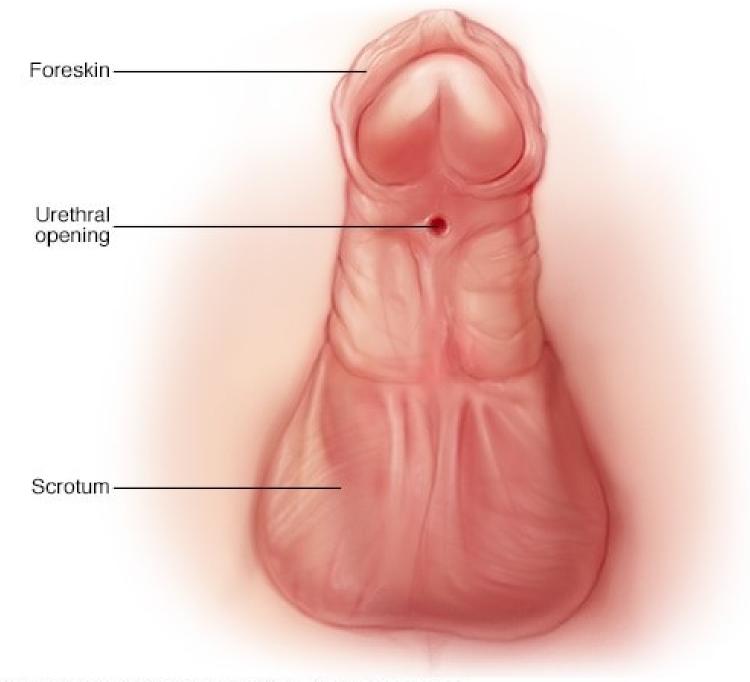
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Nandni Shivhare Nursing Tutor R.C.N

DEFECT OF GI TRACT

<u>1. Hypospadias-</u> It is the most common congenital anomaly of the penis, occuring in approximately 1-3 males per 1000 live births.

A condition in which the opening of penis is on the underside rather than the tip.

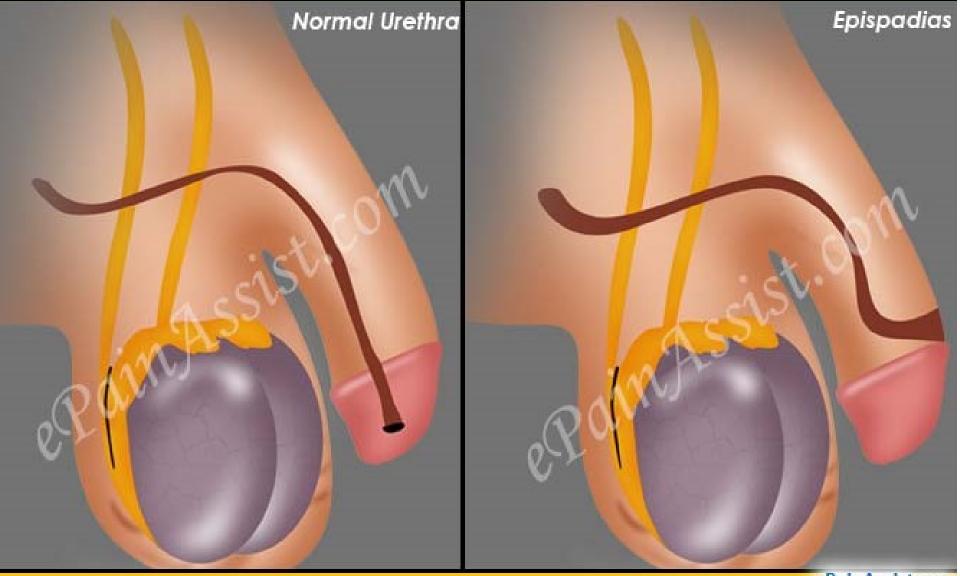


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2. Epispadias- It is a rare type of malformation of penis in which the urethra ends in an opening on the upper aspect of penis, it can also develop in females when the urethra develops too far anteriorly.



It is a birth defect, a deformation of the urethra which is the opening, through which urine passes out of the body.

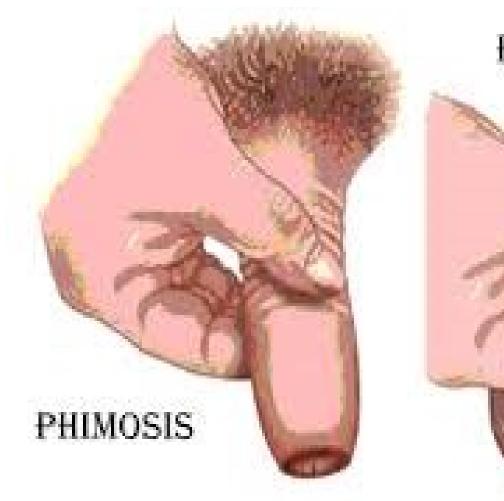


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3. Phimosis- It may be congenital or

acquired, the foreskin in young infants can not be retracted because at that age it is adherent to underlying glans.

 When an attempt is made to retract the foreskin forcibly, splitting of the foreskin can occur and when healing can takes place, scar formation and contrarure follows leading to stenosis of preputial orifice. Paraphimosis- It is, or the inability to completely retract penis into preputial cavity.



PARAPHIMOSIS



