

FACULTY OF AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES DISEASES OF FIELD CROPS PPA - 301

FALSE SMUT OF DISEASE OF RICE



LECTURE 04

NAME OF DISEASE - false smut

Pathogen - Ustilaginoidea virens

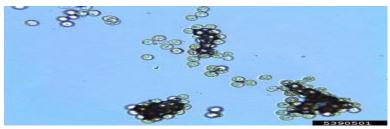
Symptoms

The fungus transforms individual ovaries / grains into greenish spore balls of velvetty appearance. Only a few spikelets in a panicle are affected.



Pathogen

Chlamydospores are formed as spore balls which are spherical to elliptical, warty and olivaceous.



Spore balls

Disease Cycle

Grasses and wild rice species are alternate hosts. The main source of inoculum is airborne spores. Ascospores produced from sclerotia act as primary source of infection while chalmydospores are secondary source of infection. Chlamydospores are air - borne, abundant at heading stage.

Favorable conditions

☐ Rainfall and cloudy weather during flowering and maturity

Management

☐ The pathogen is internally seed	borne.
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☐ Hot water seed treatment at 45°C for 10 min. effectively controls the disease.