

## FACULTY OF ENGINEERING &TECHNOLOGY DEPARTMENT OF BIOTECHNOLOGY

## **COLONY HYBRIDIZATION**

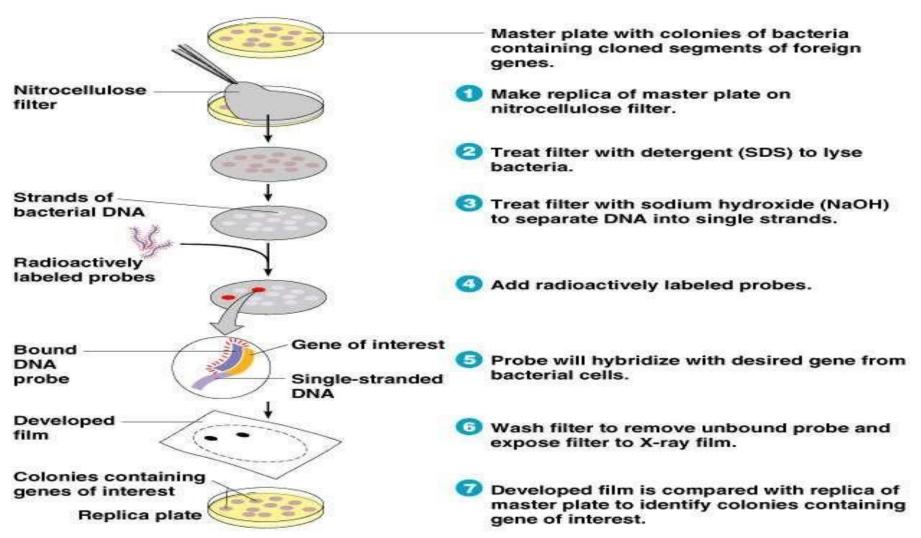
Technique to identify bacterial colony with foreign gene - genetic engineering

Transformed colonies are detected radioactive DNA/RNA used in the probe

## **STEPS**

- Transformed colonies agar plate master plate
- Colony of master plate are replica plated on nitrocellulose membrane
- A reference point is marked on both for further comparison
- After colonies appear Alkali lyse the bacterial cell - denature DNA
- □ Filter Proteinase K digest & remove protein
- □ Filter is baked at 80°c to fix the DNA impregnation

- Hybridization with radioactive probe DNA sequence used in transformation
- □ Washing off unhybridized probe
- Hybridized colonies visualized by autoradiography
- Only transformed colonies will show autoradiograph



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## Plaque hybridization

**Plaque hybridization** is a technique used in Molecular biology for the identification of recombinant phages.

The procedure can also be used for the detection of differentially represented repetitive DNA.

The technique (similar to colony hybridization) involves hybridizing isolated phage DNA to a label probe for the gene of study.

This is followed by autoradiography to detect the position of the label.

The plaque hybridization procedure has some advantages over colony hybridization due to the smaller and well defined area of the filter to which the DNA binds.