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FACULTY OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY DEPARTMENT OF BIOTECHNOLOGY

MULTIPLE ALLELES

•When a given gene has several alleles, not just two

•A diploid individual still has a maximum of 2 alleles, one on each homologous chromosome

•ABO Blood Groups

•Discovered in early 1900s

•Important when considering tranfusions

•4 types; 3 alleles

ABO Blood Groups •A: I^AI^A; I^ai

•B: I^BI^B; I^bi

•AB: $I^{A}I^{B}$

•O: ii

Phenotype (Blood Group)	Genotype
0	i/i
А	I ^A /I ^A or I ^A /i
В	I ^B /I ^B or I ^B /i
AB	$I^{\rm A}/I^{\rm B}$

ABO Blood Groups

 I^A : specifies the 'A' antigen; antibodies against 'B' and will clump onto the I^B

 I^B : specifies the 'B' antigen; antibodies against 'A' and will clump onto the I^A

AB : have both antigens, but no "anti-" antibodies

O (ii) : have no antigens and no "anti-" antibodies Safe Transfusions:

A (I^AI^A/I^Ai) – can receive A or O Can give to A or AB
B (I^BI^B/I^Bi) – can receive B or O Can give to B or AB
AB (I^AI^B) – can receive AB or O Can give to only AB
O (ii) – can receive only O Can give to any blood group, A, B or O

Serum from blood type	Antibodies present in serum	Cells from blood type			
		0	А	В	AB
ο	Anti-A Anti-B			·** *** *** ***	22 - 2 ² 28 - ² 28 - 2
Α	Anti-B			13 - 54 53 - 54 53 - 54	14 - 14 14 - 14 14 - 14 14 - 14
В	Anti-A		14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 -		13 44 13 44 13 13
AB	-				

Codominance

•The heterozygous condition, both alleles are expressed equally

•Sickle Cell Anemia in Humans

