



## **FACULTY OF JURIDICAL SCIENCES**

**COURSE:BALLB**

**Semester –IV**

**SUBJECT: SOCIOLOGY-III**

**SUBJECT CODE: BAL-401**

**NAME OF FACULTY: DR.SHIV**

**KUMAR TRIPATHI**

# Lecture-28



## Amendments

---

Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Amendment Bill 2016 was passed by Rajya Sabha on 20 July 2016. as per the Child labour act a child is defined as any person below the age of 14, prohibits employment of a child in any employment including as domestic help.

Is child labour a social injustice?

A Social Justice Issue Campaign: Child labour. ... Child labour can be defined as employment of children such that it interferes with their schooling and sometimes is dangerous to their mental, physical, social, and moral well-being.

What are some solutions to child labour?

- Review national laws regarding child labour.
- Refer to your buyers' requirements.
- Check the age of your employees.
- Identify hazardous work.
- Carry out workplace risk assessment.
- Stop hiring children below the minimum age.
- Remove children from hazardous work.
- Reduce the hours for children under the.

More items...

What is the conclusion of child Labour?

Generally the child of poor families works as Child labour. So, there must be more employment among the poor people. Government should provide more jobs. By reducing poverty we can eradicate the child labour.

What is the main cause of child labour?

The vast majority of child labour is found in rural settings and informal urban economies; children are predominantly employed by their parents, rather than factories. Poverty and lack of schools are considered the primary cause of child labour.

What is child Labour give examples?

Child labour spans various sectors, including agriculture, manufacturing, quarrying and mining, and domestic service. Often, it is hidden from the public eye. For example, the estimated 15.5 million child domestic workers worldwide – mostly girls – are often hardly visible and face many hazards.

What are the rights of child Labour?

Precisely from a rights-based perspective, labour performed by children affects a number of their rights, most notably the right to health and protection from abuse and exploitation when the form of labour is mentally or physically dangerous to a child, and the right to education when the work prevents them from ...Jun 11, 2015

Who started child labour?

The rise of child labour in the United States began in the late 1700s and early 1800s. When the Industrial Revolution started, many families had to find someone to work or they wouldn't survive. When European immigrants came they weren't strangers to hard work.

Who ended child labour?

President Franklin D. Roosevelt's New Deal sought to prevent extreme child labour, and almost all of the codes under the National Industrial Recovery Act significantly reduced child labour. The Public

Contracts Act of 1936 required boys to be 16 and girls to be 18 to work in firms supplying goods under federal contract.

What are the problems of child Labour?

All over the world, children are being exploited through child labour. This mentally and physically dangerous work interferes with schooling and long-term development—the worst forms include slavery, trafficking, sexual exploitation and hazardous work that put children at risk of death, injury or disease.

Who is child Labour in India?

India's Census 2001 office, defines child labour as participation of a child less than 17 years of age in any economically productive activity with or without compensation, wages or profit. Such participation could be physical or mental or both.

What are the types of child Labour?

- Child labour in agriculture.
- Child labour and armed conflict.
- Commercial sexual exploitation of children.
- Child labour and domestic work.
- Migration and child labour. Resources on migration and child labour.

» » **Resources on migration and child labour**

- Mining and quarrying.
- Safe work for youth.
- Trafficking in children.

What is mean by child Labour?

The term “child labour” is often defined as work that deprives children of their childhood, their potential and their dignity, and that is harmful to physical and mental development. It refers to work that: is mentally, physically, socially or morally dangerous and harmful to children; and.

What are the causes and effects of child Labour?

Various causes of child labour like the curse of poverty, lack of educational resources, Social and economic backwardness, Addiction, disease or disability, the lure of cheap labour, Family tradition, Discrimination between boys and girls.

How do you define a child?

Biologically, a child (plural children) is a human being between the stages of birth and puberty, or between the developmental period of infancy and puberty. The legal definition of child generally refers to a minor, otherwise known as a person younger than the age of majority.

Where is child labour today?

Most child workers can be found in Sub-Saharan Africa, South Asia and Latin America. But child labour today is not restricted to developing countries. There are working children found in developed industrialised countries like Turkey and the Ukraine.

Who was involved in child labour during the industrial revolution?

Britain passed one of the first child labour laws in 1833. It made it illegal for children under the age of 9 to work. Sometimes children workers were orphans who had little choice but to work for food. Children in the coal mines often worked from 4 am until 5 pm.

How many child Labourers are in India?

12 million child workers

Child labour Official figures indicate that there are over 12 million child workers in India, but many NGOs reckon the real figure is up to 60 million. The number of girls involved is not much lower than the boys.

What are the 10 children's rights?

Particular human rights of children include, among other rights, the right to life, the right to a name, the right to express his views in matters concerning the child, the right to freedom of thought, conscience and religion, the right to health care, the right to protection from economic and sexual exploitation, and ...

1.How can children's rights be violated?

1.Approximately how many child labourers are there in the world today?

250 million

200,000

1.2 billion

7.5 million

Correct! There are a little over 250 million child labourers today, most in developing areas such as Southeast Asia, Africa, the Middle East, and Latin America.

2.What occupation do most child labourers have?

Domestic Service occupation

Mining occupation

Agricultural occupation

Trash Collecting occupation

Correct! Agriculture employs more child labourers than any other industry in the world.

3. Which of these countries employs

child miners

India

Brazil

Mexico

Indonesia

Correct? Many South American countries such as Brazil employ child miners in emerald, tin, and gold mines.

4. What job that child labourers do has the least statistical research done on it?

Agriculture

Domestic Service

Soldiers

Prostitution

Correct! Very few studies have been conducted on the number of child domestic servants.

5. Approximately how many child soldiers are there in the world today?

10,000

5 million

250 million

200,000

Correct! There are around 200,000 child soldiers today, mostly working in places such as Africa and Colombia

6..What was the name of the international law that discussed the "worst forms of child labour"?

ILO Convention 182

U.N. Convention on the Rights of the Child

ILO Convention 29

ILO Convention 138

Correct! ILO Convention 182 banned the use of children in many different occupations, and also provided ways for poor countries to meet these new standards

