



**RAMA
UNIVERSITY**

www.ramauniversity.ac.in

FACULTY OF JURIDICAL SCIENCES

COURSE: BALLB/BBALLB

SEMESTER SUBJECT:

ELECTION LAWS

SUBJECT CODE: BALLB

1004/BBALLB 1004

NAME OF FACULTY: PANKHURI SRIVASTAVA

Lecture-25



LECTURE 25: MULTIPLE ELECTIONS

68. Vacation of seats when elected to both Houses of Parliament.

(1) Any person who is chosen a member of both the Houses of the People and the Council of States and who has not taken his seat in either House may, by notice in writing signed by him and delivered to the Secretary to the Election Commission [within ten days from the date, or the later of the dates, on which he is so chosen, intimate] in which of the Houses he wishes to serve, and thereupon, his seat in the House in which he does not wish to serve shall become vacant. (2) In default of such intimation within the aforesaid period, his seat in the Council of States shall, at the expiration of that period, become vacant. (3) Any intimation given under sub-section (1) shall be final and irrevocable. (4) For the purposes of this section and of section 69, the date on which a person is chosen to be a member of either House of Parliament shall be in the case of an elected member, the date of his election and in the case of a nominated member, the date of first publication in the Gazette of India of his nomination.

69. Vacation of seats by persons already members of one House on election to other House of Parliament.

(1) If a person who is already a member of the House of the People and has taken his seat in such House is chosen a member of the Council of States, his seat in the House of the People shall, [on the date on which he is so chosen], become vacant. (2) If a person who is already a member of the Council of States and has taken his seat in such Council is chosen a member of the House of the People, his seat in the Council of States shall, [on the date on which he is so chosen], become vacant.

70. Election to more than one seat in either House of Parliament or in the House or either House of the legislature of a State.

If a person is elected to more than one seat in either House of Parliament or in the House or either House of the Legislature of a State, then, unless within the prescribed time he resigns all but one of the seats 8 [by writing under his hand addressed to the Speaker or Chairman, as the case may be, or to such other authority or officer as may be prescribed], all the seats shall become vacant.