# QUALITY CONTROL OF CRUDE DRUGS 

Microscopical Evaluation


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## EVALUATION

## Microscopical evaluation

- Refers to the character and arrangement of these tissues as they are present in the herb.
- Transverse section (T.S.)
- Longitudinal sections (L.S.)
- The sections are cut by razor or microtome, treated with choral hydrate and $\mathbf{H C l}$ solution with gentle heating to remove chlorophyll and treated with phloroglucinol to give coloured section.
- Powdered herbs posses very few macroscopic features of identification outside of colour, odour and taste.


## POWDER MICROSCOPY

- Leaves:
- Trichomes (Glandular and Covering)
- Crystals of calcium oxalate (Rosette, needle shaped)
- Stomata (paracytic, diacytic, anisocytic, anomocytic)
- Epidermis cells, palisade,
- Vessels


Glandular Trichomes
A. belladona


Covering
Trichomes
D. stromonium


Paracytic Stomata Senna leaves

- Flower:
- Trichomes (glandular and covering)
- Epidermis, stigma, anther.
- Pollen grain
- Volatile oil
- Fruits and seeds:
- Starch grains (Polyhedral, oval)
- Aleurone grain
- Sclerenchyma

- Vittae
- Endocarp
- Bark \& wood:
- Phloem, xylem
- Trachides, Parenchyma, wood Parenchyma
- Fibers, medullary rays, cork, cambium.


## QUANTITATIVE MICROSCOPY

- Palisade ratio: Number of palisade cells under one epidermal cell using four continuous epidermal cells for the count.
- Stomata index: It is the percentage of the number of stomata to the total number of epidermal cells, each stomata being counted as one cell.


## Stomatal index= (S/E+S )* 100

(S) Number of stomata per unit area
(E) Number of epidermal cells in the same unit area.

- Cassia angustifolia (Indian)(both surface) 17.1-18.7-20
- C. acutifolia (Alexandrian) (both surface) 11.4-12.2-13


## - Stomatal numbers:

It is an average number of stomata per $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ of epidermis.

|  | Stomatal number |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Plant | Upper surface | Lower surface |
| Atropa belladonna, <br> Europen | $\mathbf{7 . 5 - 1 0 - 1 7 . 5}$ | $\mathbf{7 7 . 5 - 1 1 3 - 1 7 6 . 5}$ |
| Atropa acuminata | $6-14-37.5$ | $62.5-93-174$ |
| Indian |  |  |

## $\circ$ Vein-islet number

Average number of vein islet per $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ of the leaf surface midway between the midrib and the margin.

Cassia angustifolia 25-30
Cassia acutifolia 19-23


VI= Vein Islet
VT= Vein Termination

- Vein-termination number :

Average number of vein termination per $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ of the leaf surface midway between the midrib and the margin.

- It can be used to distinguish between leaves of closely related species.
- Atropa belladonna 6.3-10.3
- Digitalis purpurea 2.5-4.2
- Hyoscymus niger 12.4-19.0


Vein Termination

## Thank You

